DETECTING AND PREVENTING RELAPSE TO SMOKING

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Disclosures

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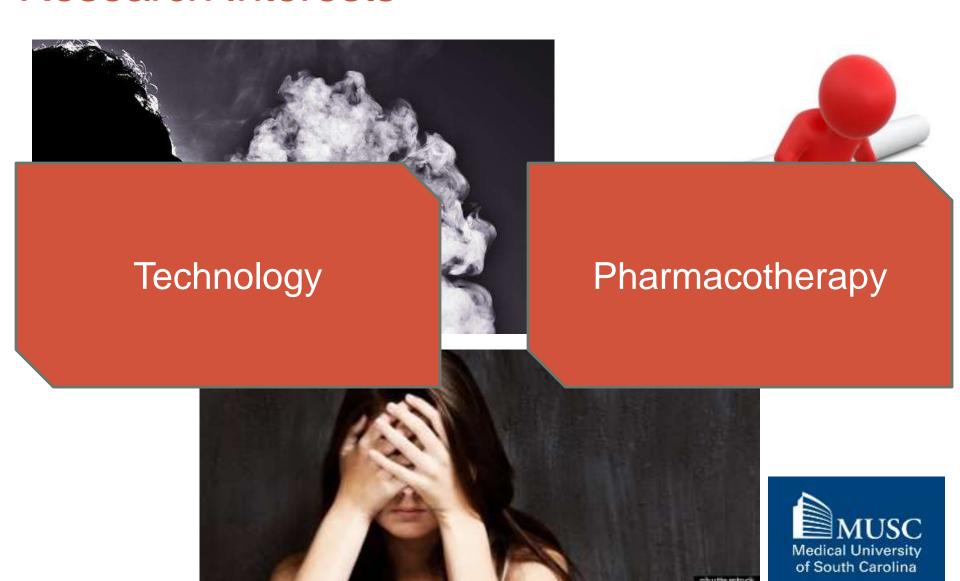
Previous Training







Research Interests



Relapse to Smoking

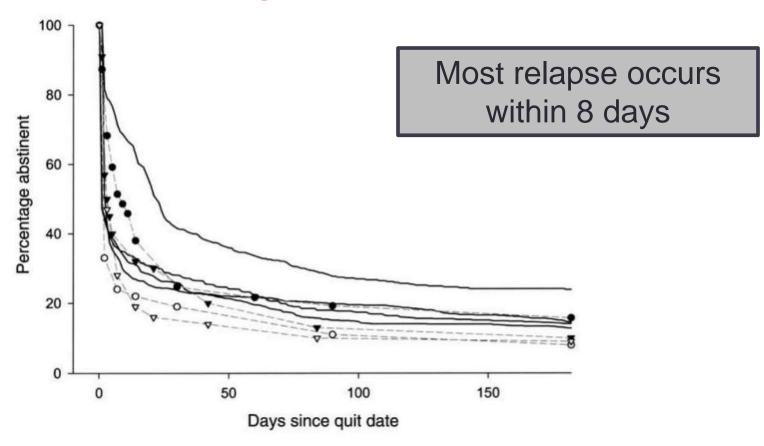


Figure 1 True survival curves (solid lines) and line-graph relapse curves (dotted lines) in self-quitters (open circles and triangles) and those in control groups (solid circles and triangles) from studies in Table 1.

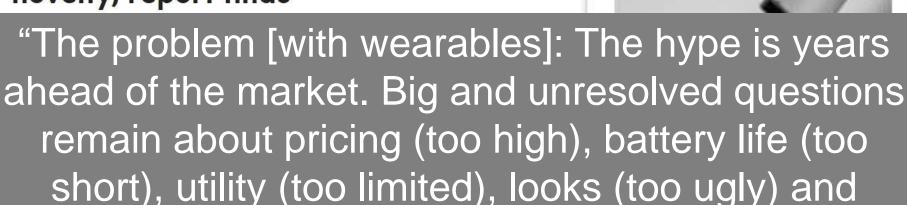


Technology and Health



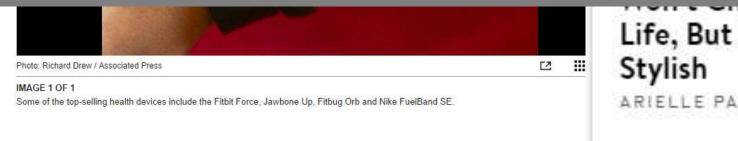
Technology and Health

Wearable health technology still just a novelty, report finds



Forbes, Connie Guglielmo and Parmy Olson

privacy (too scary)."



Life, But It's Damn

ARIELLE PARDES

Technology and Smoking

- Technology may improve how we prevent, detect, and treat smoking
- Reach of interventions could be improved and could circumvent geographical location and limited mobility
- Reduces the need for lab- and clinic-based visits



Technology and Smoking

mPuff: Automated Detection of Cigarette Smoking Puffs

from Res

JOURNAL OF STUDIES ON ALCOHOL AND DRUGS / NOVEMBER 2013

A Wearable Sensor System Cigarette Smoking

EDWARD SAZONOV, PH.D., a,* PAULO LOPEZ-MEYER

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Article

Laboratory Validation of Inertial l Cigarette Smoking Arm Movemen

Bethany R. Raiff 1,#, Çağdaş Karataş 2, Erin A. Mc

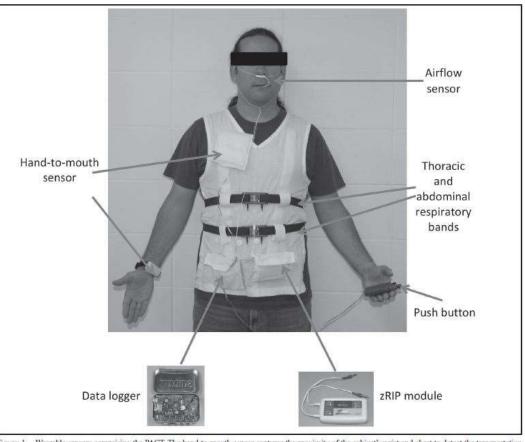


FIGURE 1. Wearable sensors comprising the PACT. The hand-to-mouth sensor captures the proximity of the subject's wrist and chest to detect the transportation of the cigarette to the mouth; the airflow sensor is a thermocouple that measures the changes in air temperature based on oral/nasal air inhale and exhale; the respiratory band and the zRIP module capture respiration; the push button is used to self-report instances such as smoke inhalations. All sensors are connected to a data logger, and the data are stored on a microSD eard.

Research Questions

- How do we detect and PREVENT relapse to smoking among adolescents and adults?
- Which treatment strategies will help to improve abstinence outcomes?
- How might we use technology to study and treat smoking?
- How does tobacco and marijuana co-use impact abstinence outcomes?

Relapse Detection

- Breath carbon monoxide monitoring among adolescents and emerging adults during a quit attempt
- Remote assessments conducted (ecological momentary assessment) to isolate variables associated with relapse



My Mobile Monitor (M³)



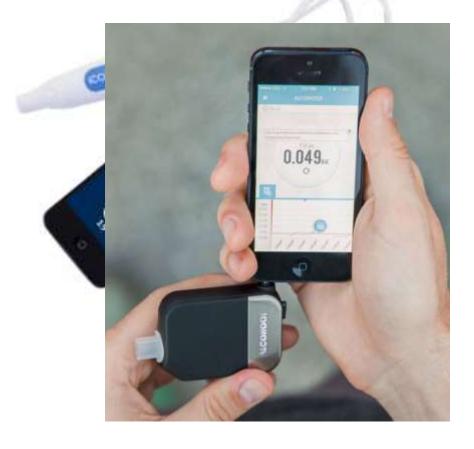






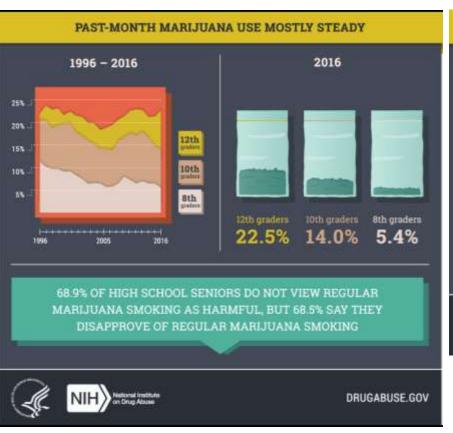
Future Research and Application

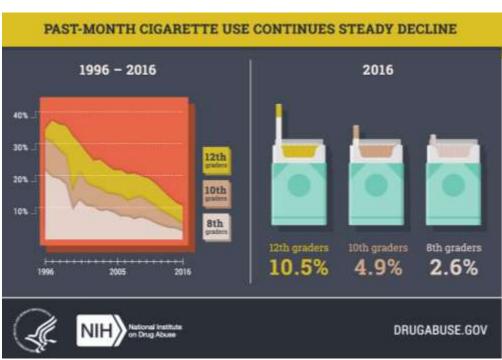
 New devices, integrated platforms, sensor suites, longer battery life, advanced computing, predictive algorithms, and personalized approaches....





Prevalence of Tobacco and Marijuana Use (In Isolation)

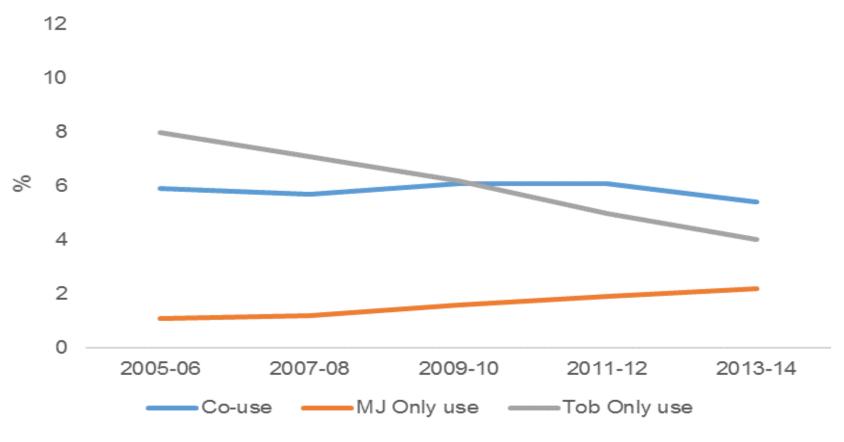




Monitoring the Future, 2016



Trends in Co-Use, NSDUH, 2005-2014



Schauer & Peters, under review



Co-Administered Products: Blunts, Spliffs, Mulling









Co-Use and Implications for Treatment

- Substitution or compensatory use
- Abstinence rates among co-users
- Dual interventions timing of cessation



